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Gross domestic product (GDP) Q3: 2023

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Embargo: 5 December 2023, 11h30



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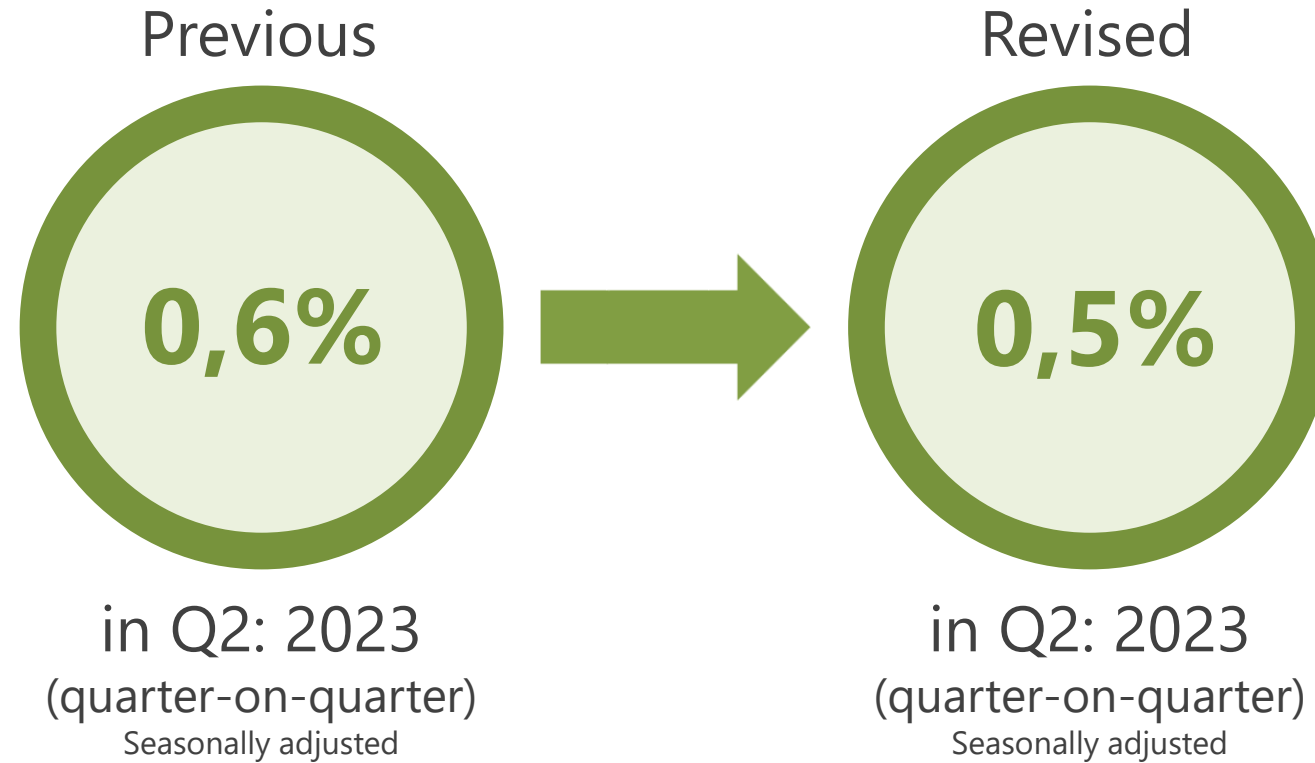


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GDP PRODUCTION



Revisions for GDP production: there was a downward revision in the headline rate for Q2: 2023



GDP production: The most significant revision for Q2: 2023 was recorded for agriculture

	Industry	Previous	Revised	Difference
		Q-Q % growth		
Up	Construction	-0,4	-0,2	0,2
	Trade, catering and accommodation	-0,4	-0,3	0,1
	General government services	0,6	0,7	0,1
	Transport, storage and communication	-1,9	-1,8	0,1
No change	Electricity, gas and water	-0,8	-0,8	0,0
	Personal services	0,7	0,7	0,0
Down	Manufacturing	2,2	2,1	-0,2
	Finance, real estate and business services	0,7	0,4	-0,3
	Mining and quarrying	1,3	0,8	-0,5
	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4,2	2,8	-1,4
Total value added at basic prices		0,6	0,4	-0,1
Taxes less subsidies on products		1,0	0,8	-0,3
GDP at market prices		0,6	0,5	-0,1

Differences between previous and revised data may not necessarily add up due to rounding-off

GDP production: Growth rates for Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter



Real GDP
Seasonally adjusted

Year-on-year



Real GDP
Unadjusted

9 month-9 month

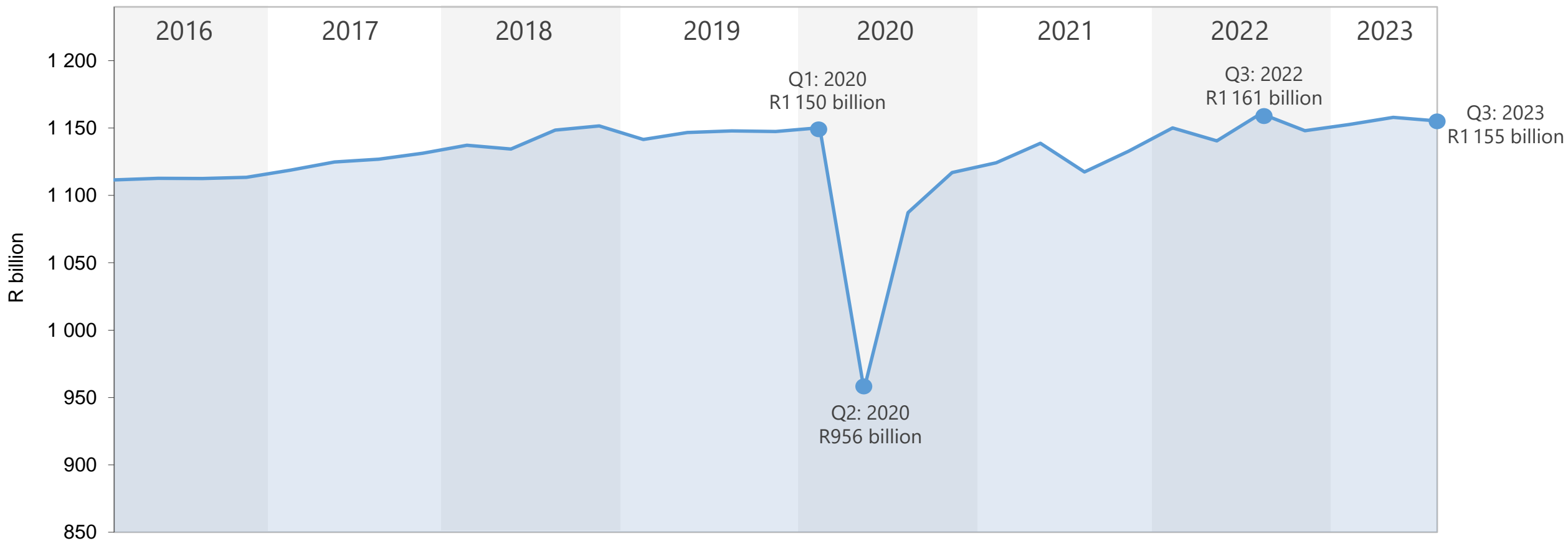


Real GDP
Unadjusted
Year-on-year

South African GDP over time

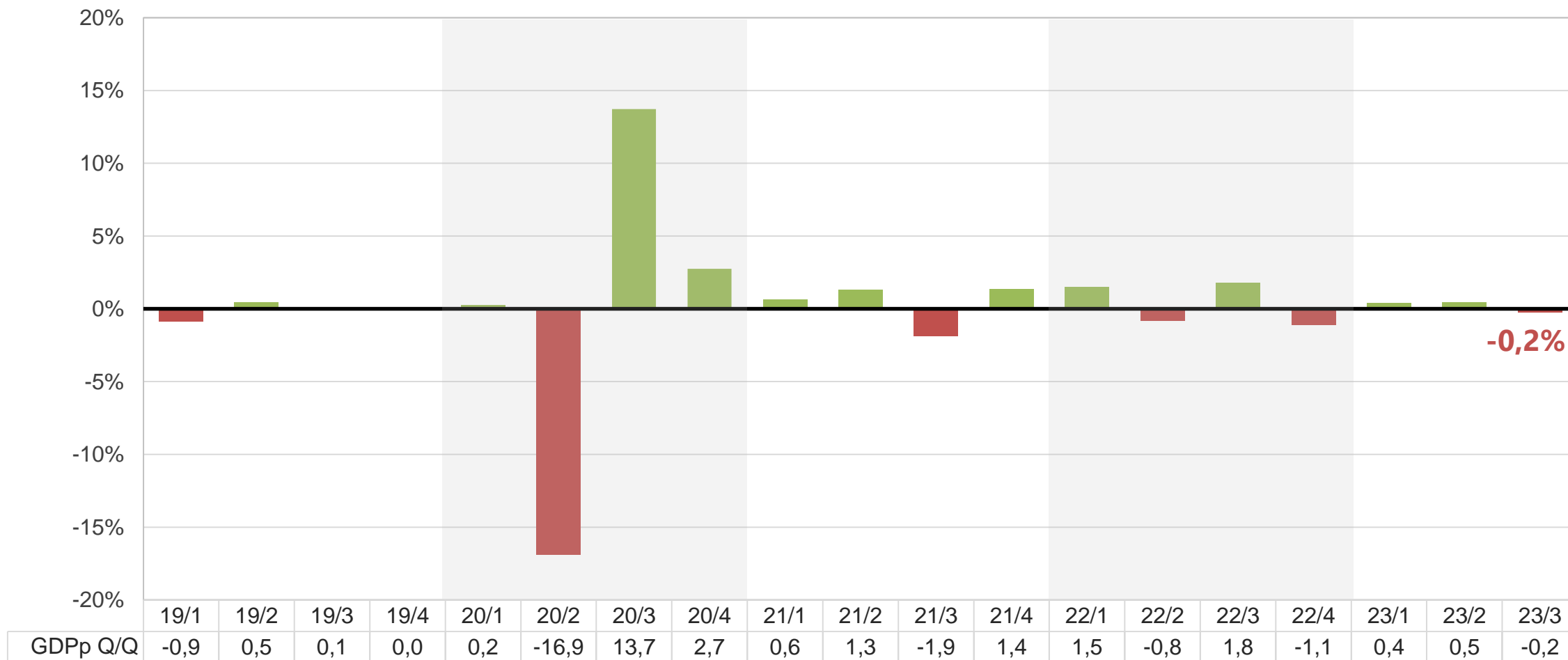
GDP in Q3: 2023 is lower than the peak reached in Q3: 2022

Real GDP (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



The economy contracted by 0,2% in Q3: 2023

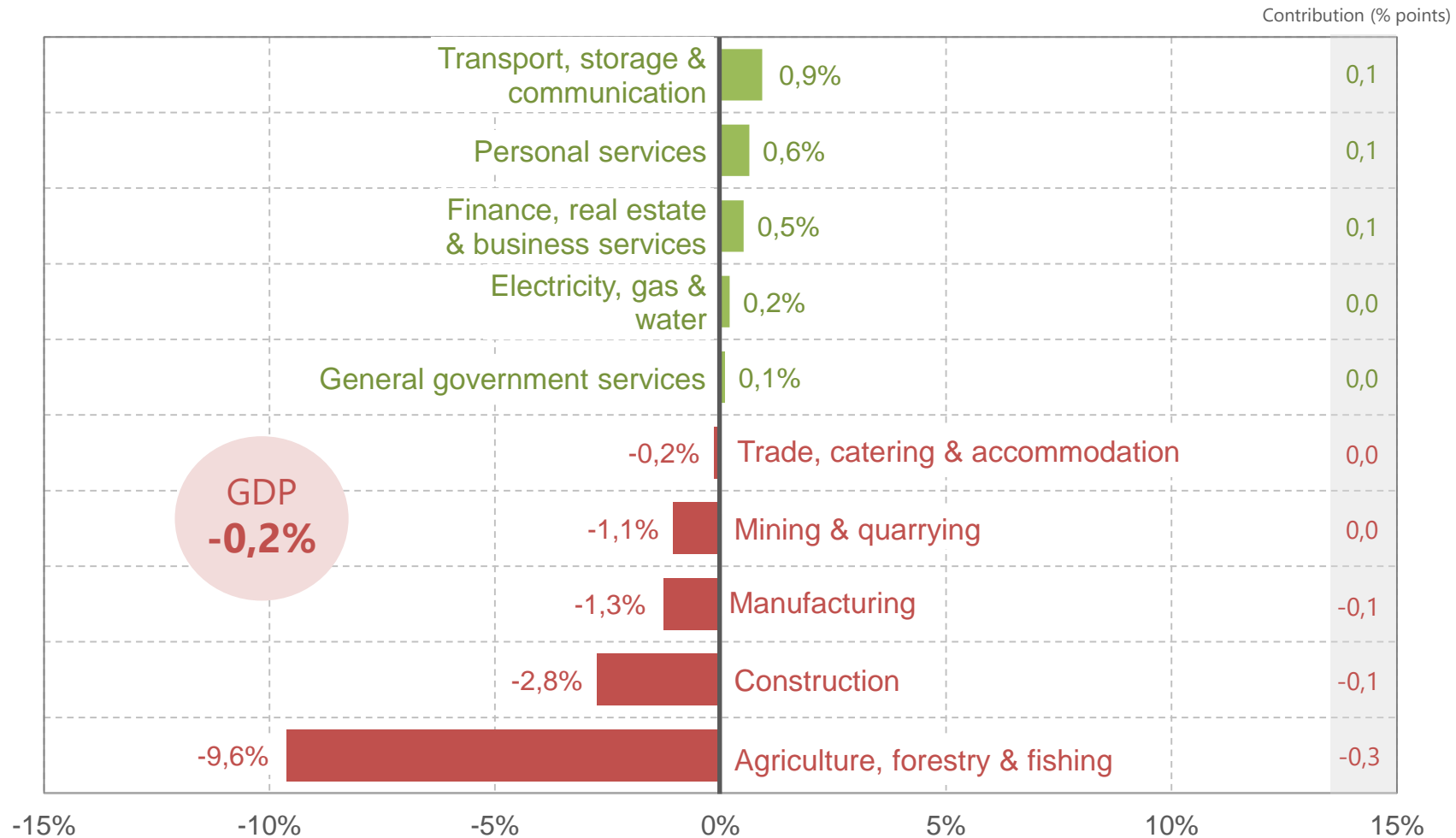
Quarter-on-quarter percentage change in GDP production (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



-0,2%

Five industries recorded a decline in Q3: 2023

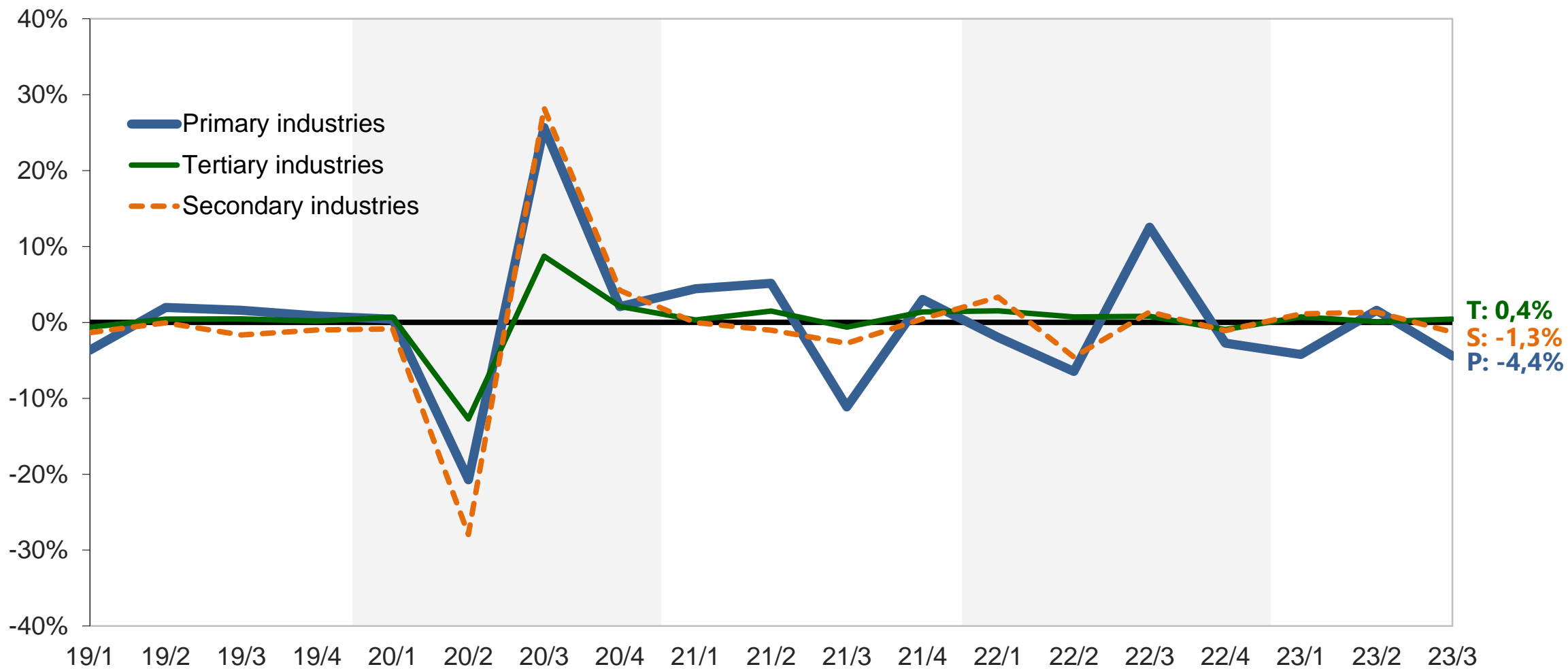
Industry growth rates – Q3: 2023 compared with Q2: 2023 (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



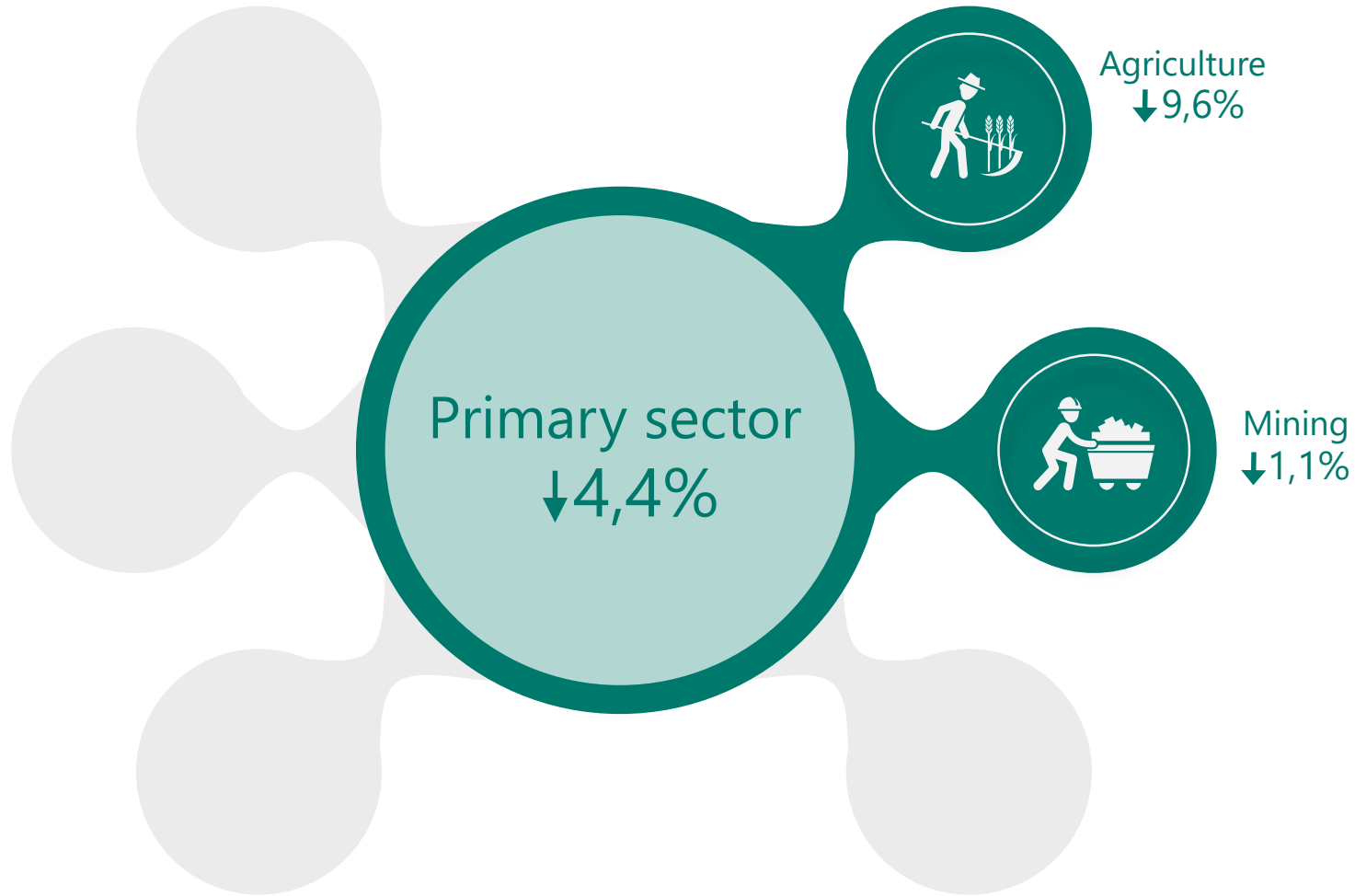
Agriculture was the largest negative contributor to growth in the third quarter.

The primary and secondary sectors contracted in Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter percentage change (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



Both agriculture and mining recorded a decline in Q3: 2023



Agriculture: A decline in output was recorded for field crops, animal products and horticulture products.

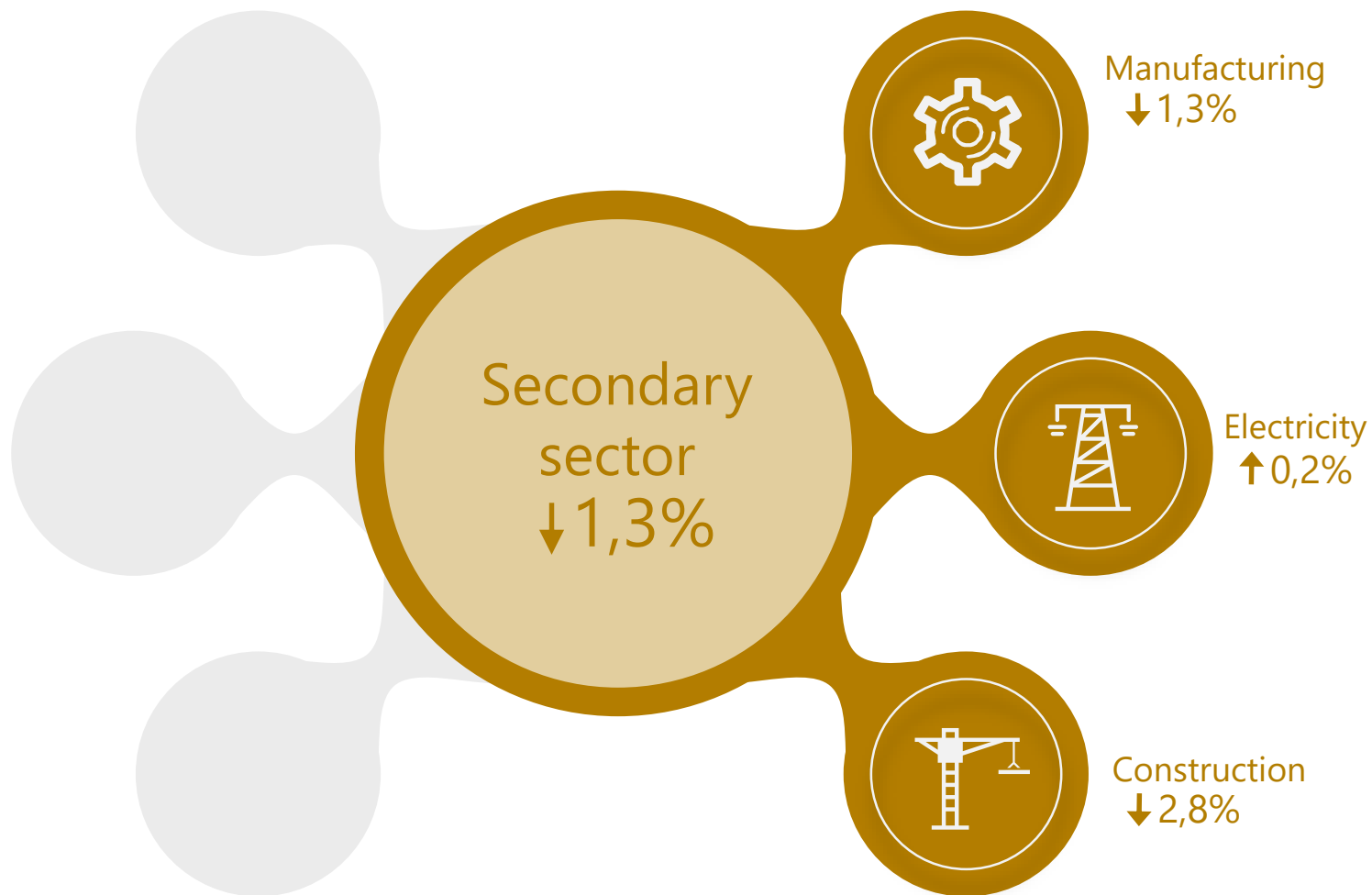
Mining: Decreased economic activity was reported for platinum group metals (PGMs), gold, coal and diamonds.

Quarter-on-quarter growth, seasonally adjusted

IMPROVING LIVES THROUGH DATA ECOSYSTEMS

Gross domestic product (GDP), Q3: 2023

Manufacturing and construction pulled the secondary sector lower in Q3: 2023



Manufacturing: The food, beverages & tobacco division made the largest negative contribution to growth.

Electricity, gas & water: Economic activity was mainly driven higher by increases in the production and consumption of electricity.

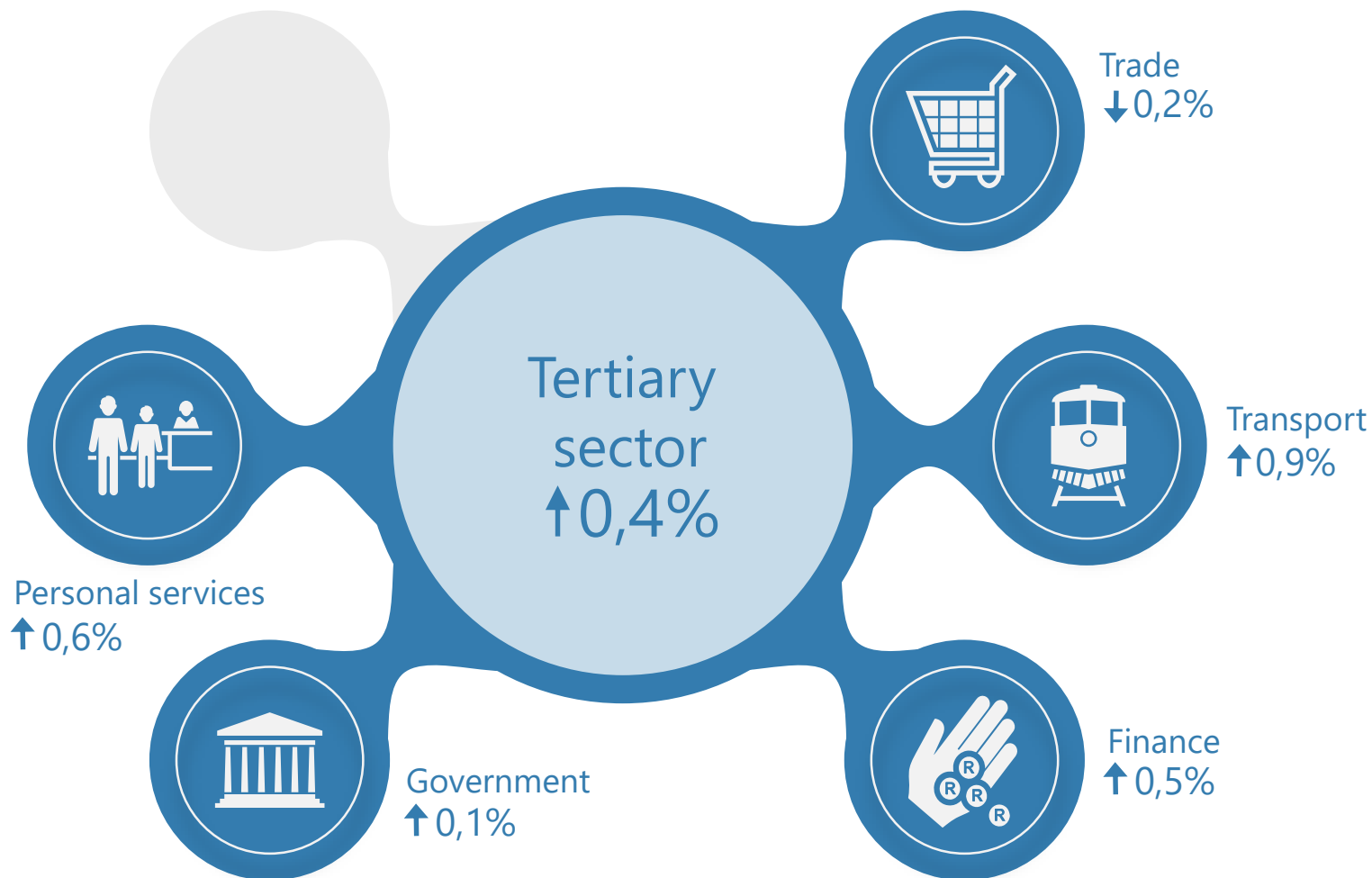
Construction: Decreases were reported for residential buildings, non-residential buildings and construction works.

Quarter-on-quarter growth, seasonally adjusted

IMPROVING LIVES THROUGH DATA ECOSYSTEMS

Gross domestic product (GDP), Q3: 2023

In the tertiary sector, trade recorded a contraction in Q3: 2023



Trade: Decreased economic activity was reported for wholesale, motor trade and food & beverages.

Transport: There was an increase in land transport, air transport, transport support services and communications.

Finance: The rise was driven by increased activities in financial intermediation, real estate and business services.

Government: There was a rise in employment numbers in the civil service.

Personal services: Increased economic activity was reported for health and education.

Quarter-on-quarter growth, seasonally adjusted

IMPROVING LIVES THROUGH DATA ECOSYSTEMS

Gross domestic product (GDP), Q3: 2023

Nominal GDP was estimated at R1,767 trillion in Q3: 2023

This was up by R26 billion compared with Q2: 2023

The biggest movers in Q3: 2023, in nominal terms:



Finance was up by R21 billion to R376 billion



Manufacturing was up by R16 billion to R235 billion



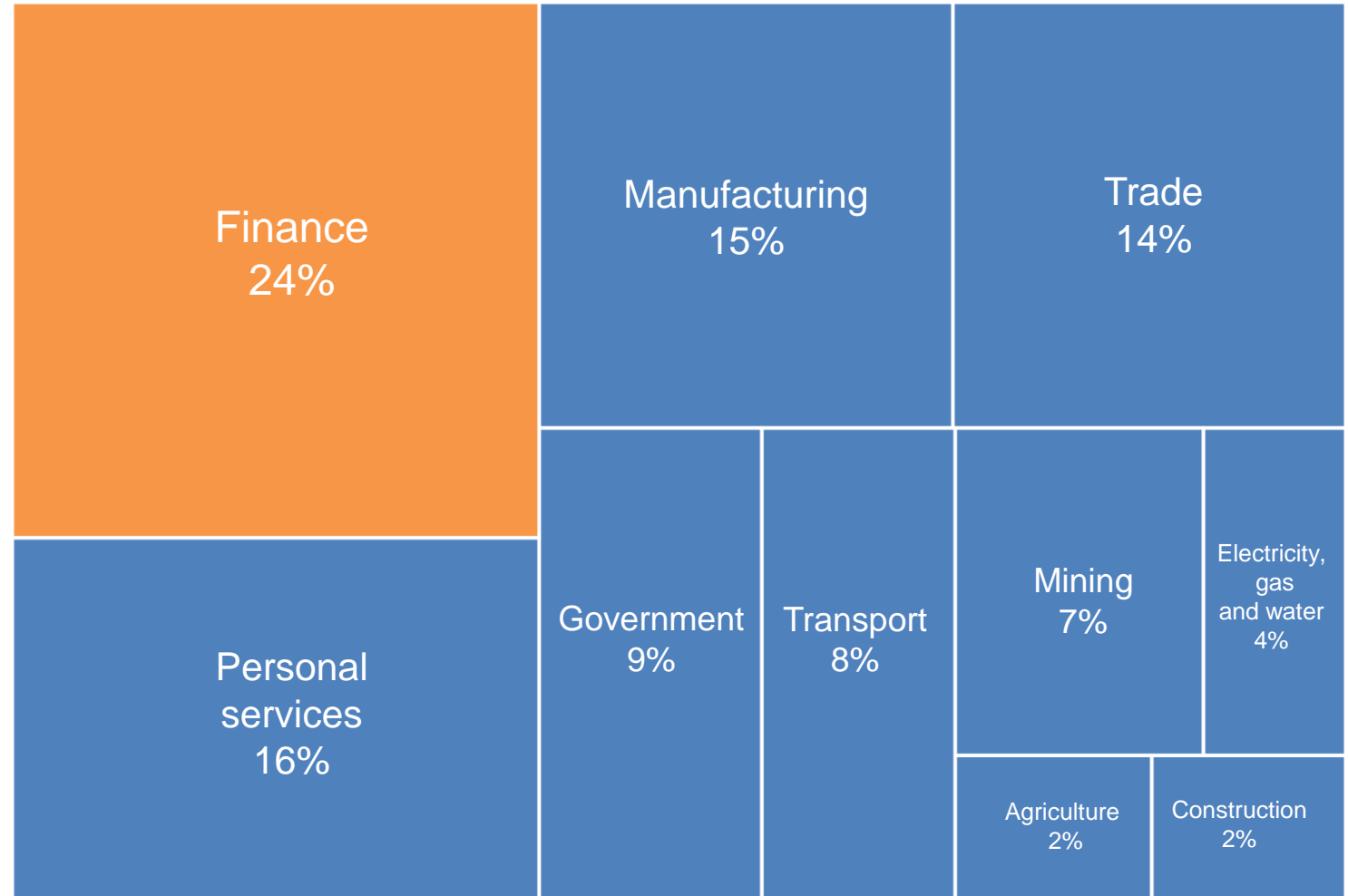
Construction was down by R3 billion to R38 billion



Agriculture was down by R38 billion to R38 billion

Finance, real estate & business services is the **largest** industry in the economy

Percentage contribution of industries
to total value added (Q3: 2023)
Total: R1,596 trillion*

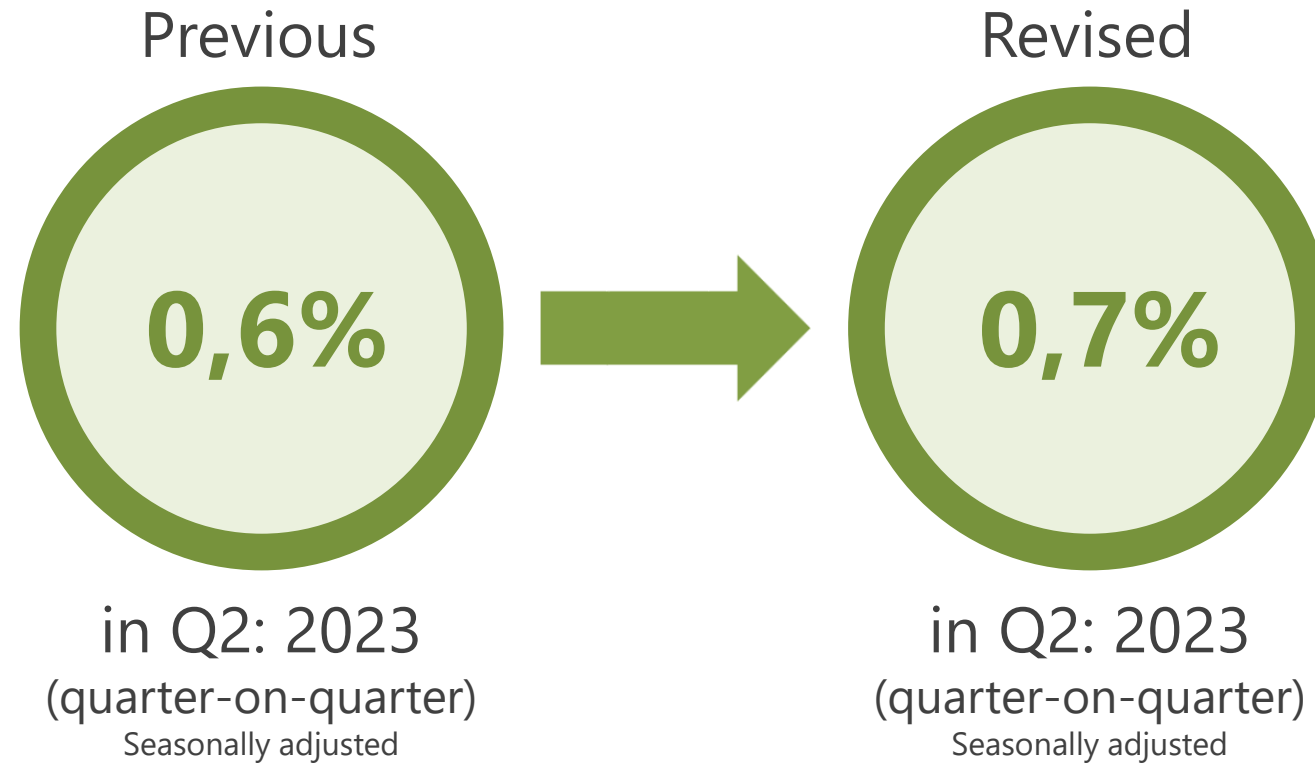


*Current prices

EXPENDITURE ON GDP



Revisions for expenditure on GDP: The growth rate in Q2: 2023 was revised upwards



Expenditure on GDP: Revisions for Q2: 2023

	Component	Previous	Revised	Difference
		Q-Q % growth		
Up	Government final consumption expenditure	1,7	1,8	0,1
	Household final consumption expenditure	-0,3	-0,2	0,0
Down	Imports of goods and services	3,3	3,2	-0,1
	Gross fixed capital formation	3,9	3,8	-0,2
	Exports of goods and services	0,9	0,6	-0,3
Expenditure on GDP		0,6	0,7	0,0

Change in inventories (R billion)		3,1
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Differences between previous and revised data may not necessarily add up due to rounding-off

Expenditure on GDP: Growth rates for Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter



Real GDP
Seasonally adjusted

Year-on-year



Real GDP
Unadjusted

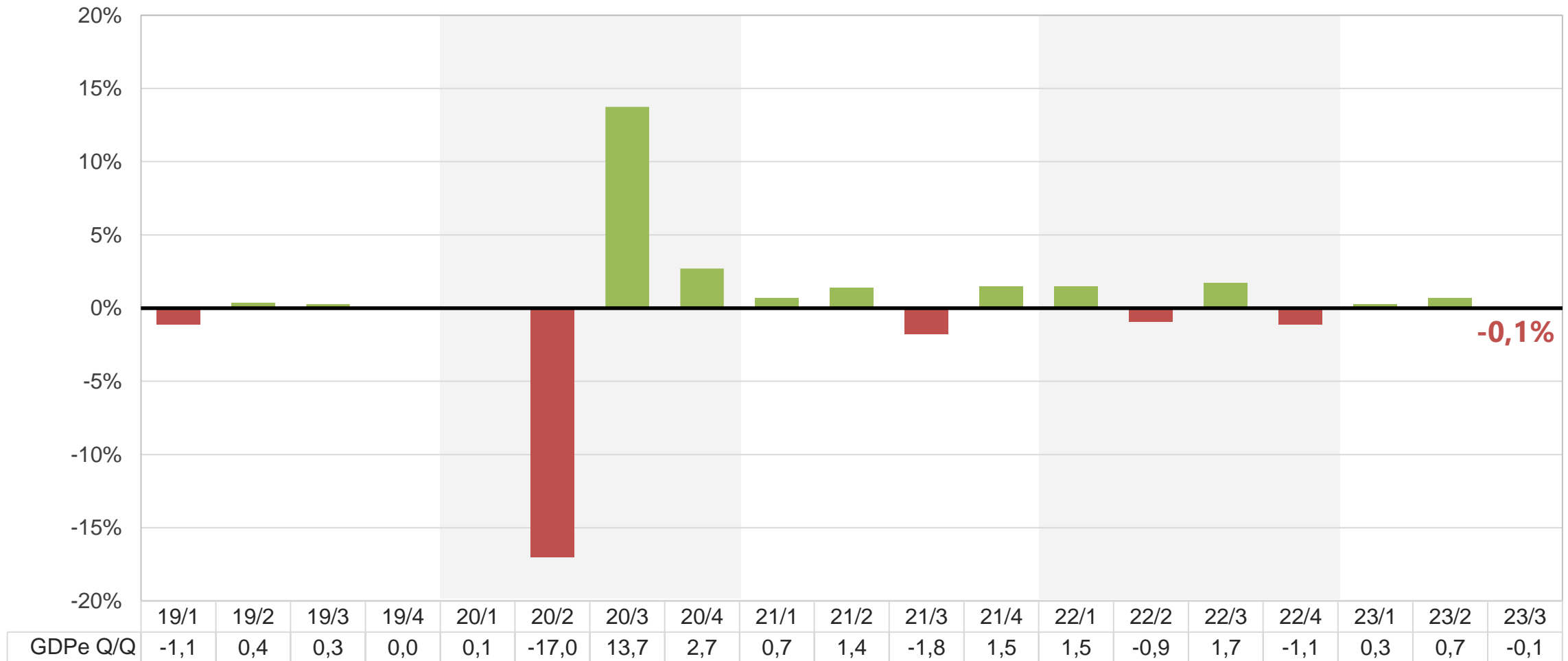
9 month-9 month



Real GDP
Unadjusted
Year-on-year

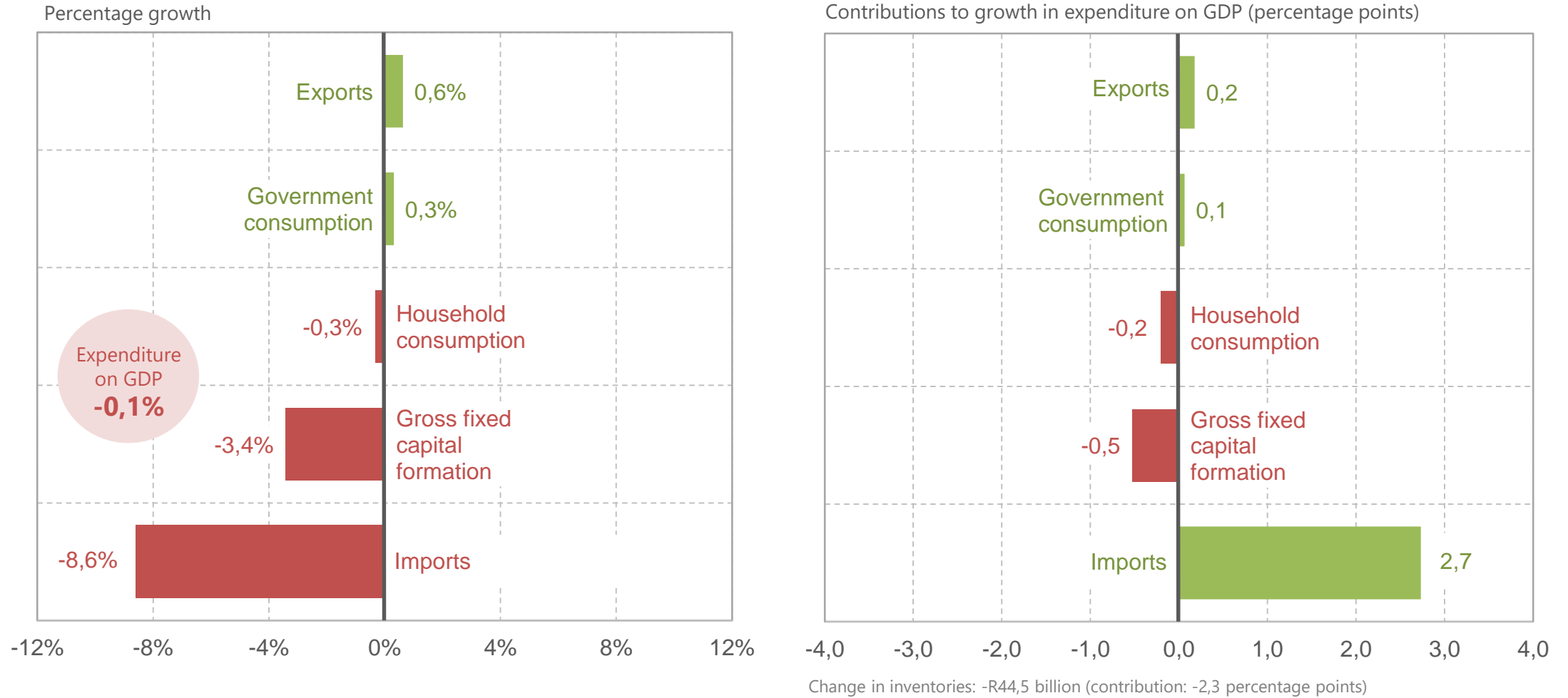
Expenditure on GDP decreased by 0,1% in Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter percentage change (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



Three of the five components on the expenditure side of the economy declined in Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter percentage change in expenditure components and contribution to expenditure on GDP
(constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



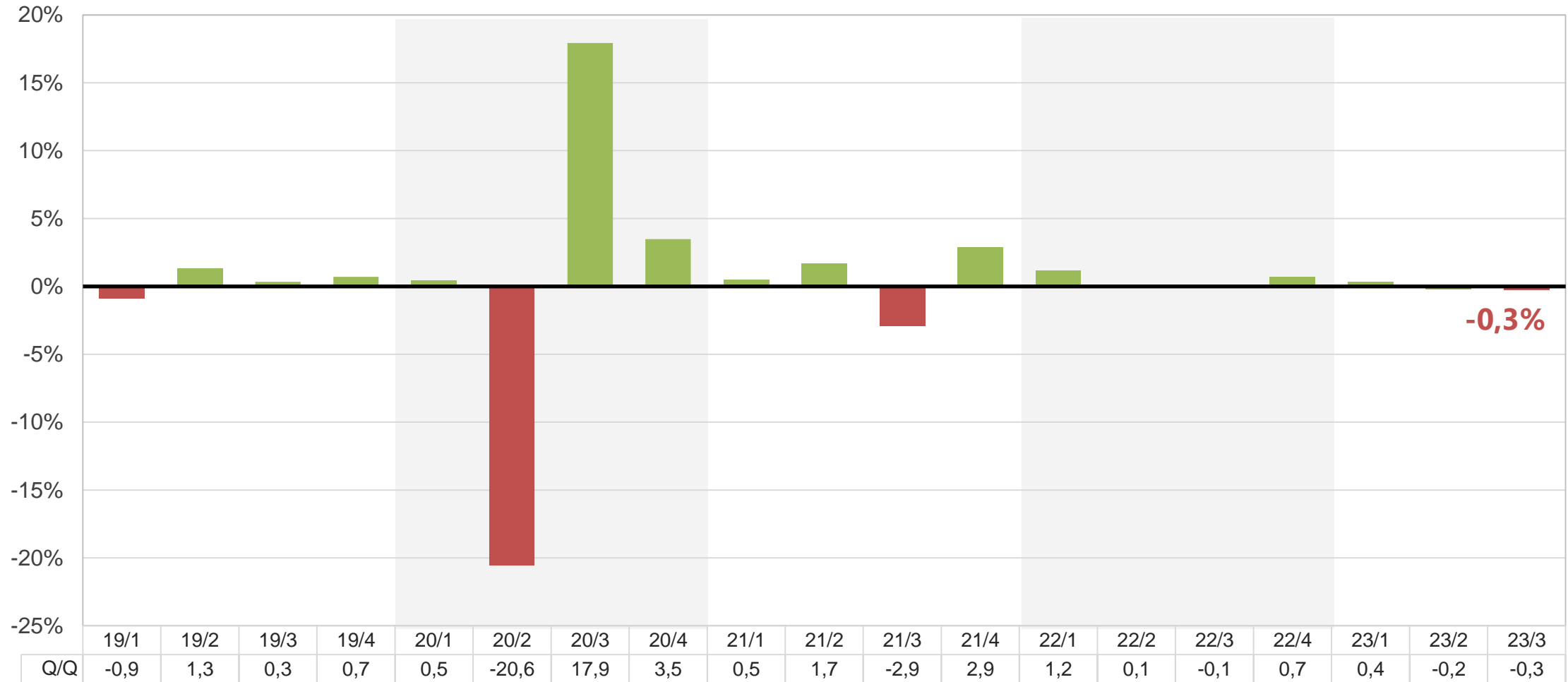
Household final consumption expenditure (HFCE)



Growth in Q3: 2023
(quarter-on-quarter)
Constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted

Household consumption expenditure decreased by 0,3% in Q3: 2023

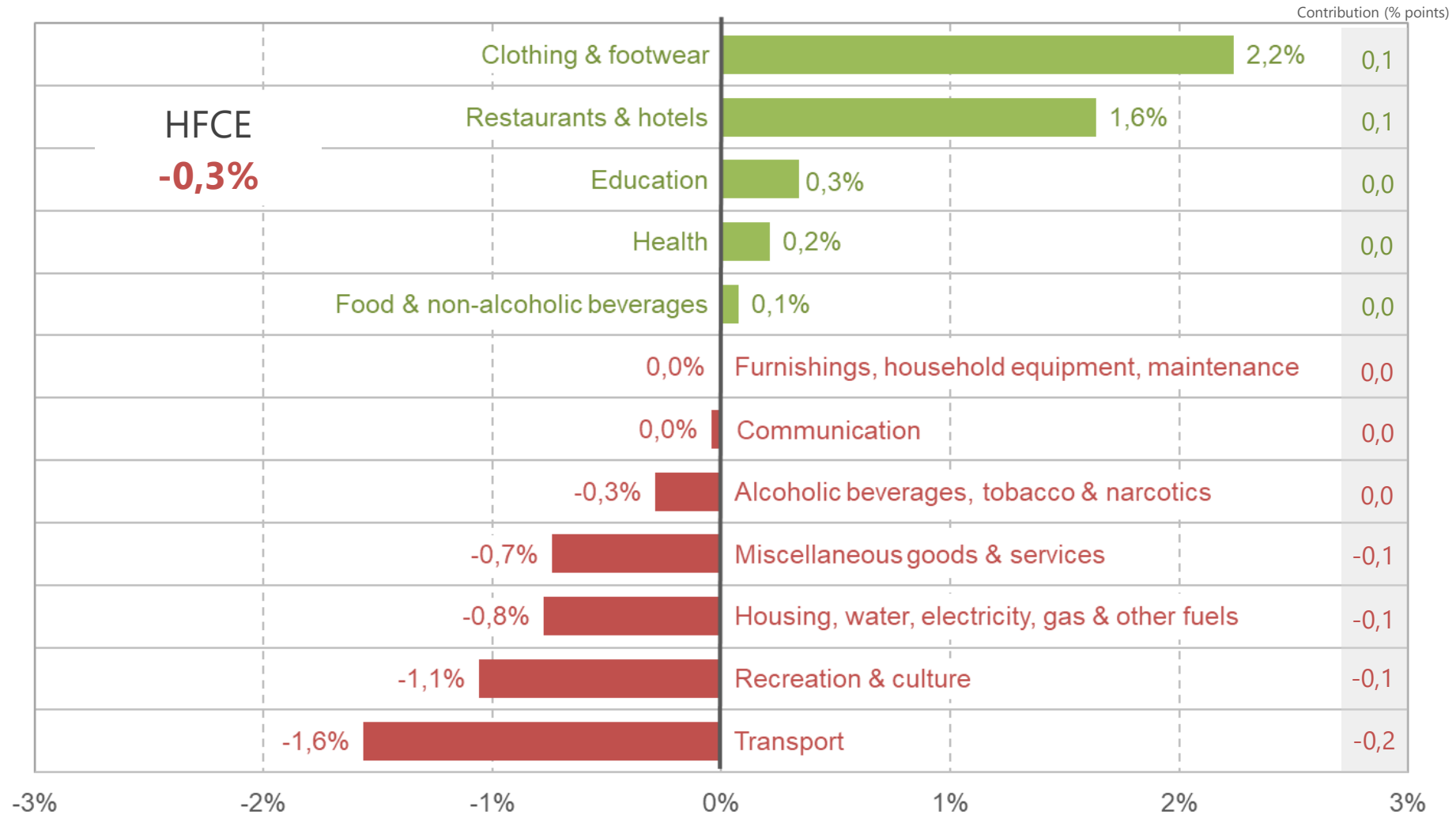
Quarter-on-quarter percentage change (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



-0,3%

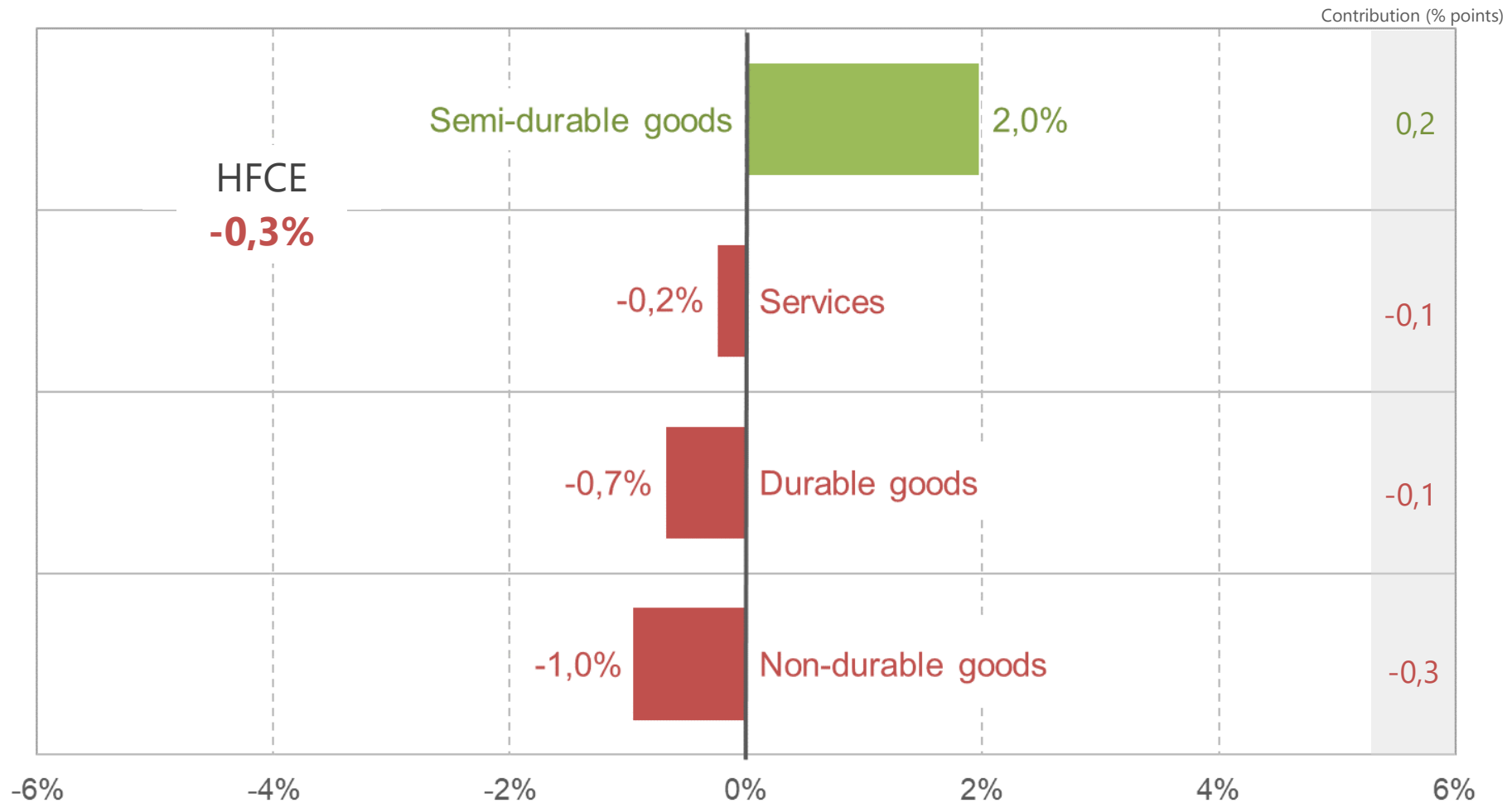
Transport was a key downward driver of household consumption in Q3: 2023

Household consumption expenditure by purpose – Q3: 2023 compared with Q2: 2023 (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



The semi-durable goods category was the only positive contributor in Q3: 2023

Household consumption expenditure by durability. Q3: 2023 compared with Q2: 2023 (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



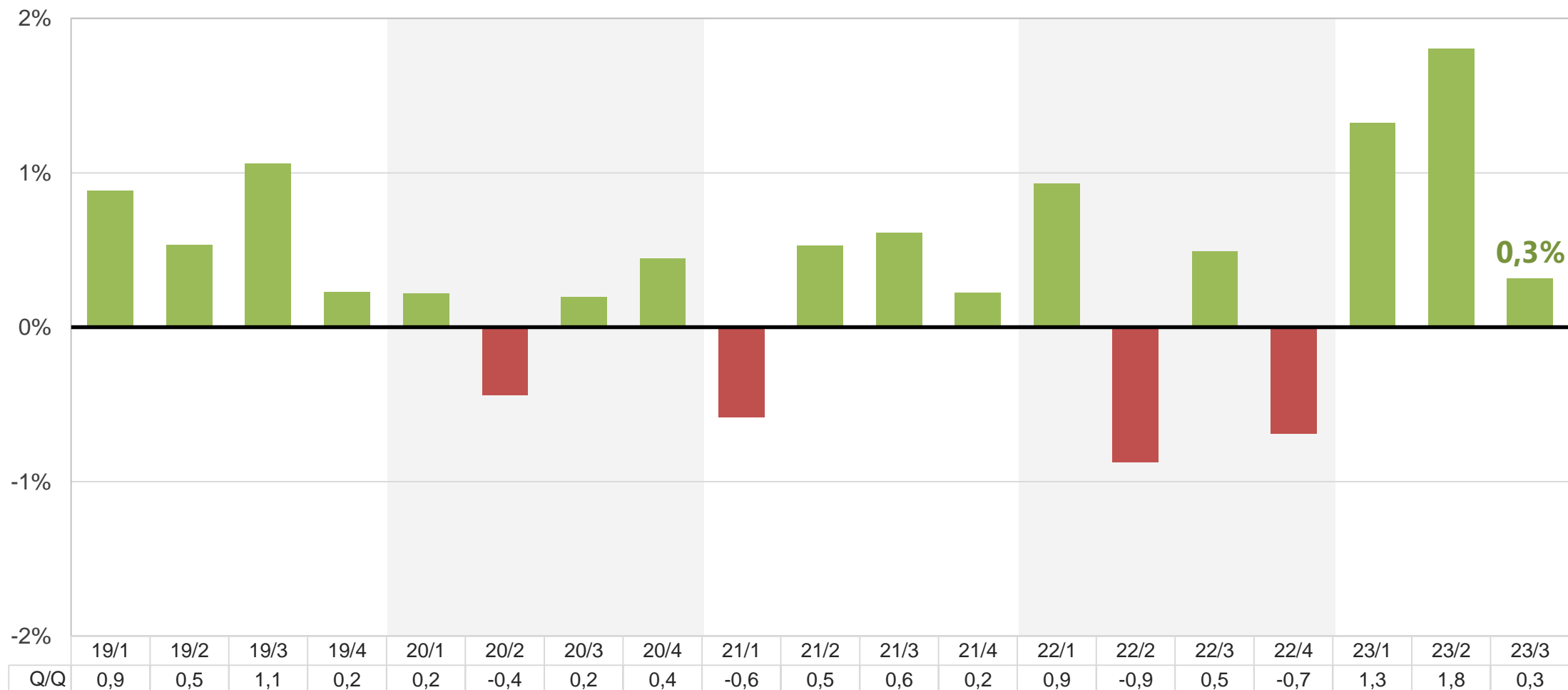
Government final consumption expenditure (GFCE)



Growth in Q3: 2023
(quarter-on-quarter)
Constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted

Government final consumption expenditure increased by 0,3% in Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter percentage change (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



An increase in the number civil servants was reported in Q3: 2023, contributing to the 0,3% rise in government final consumption expenditure.

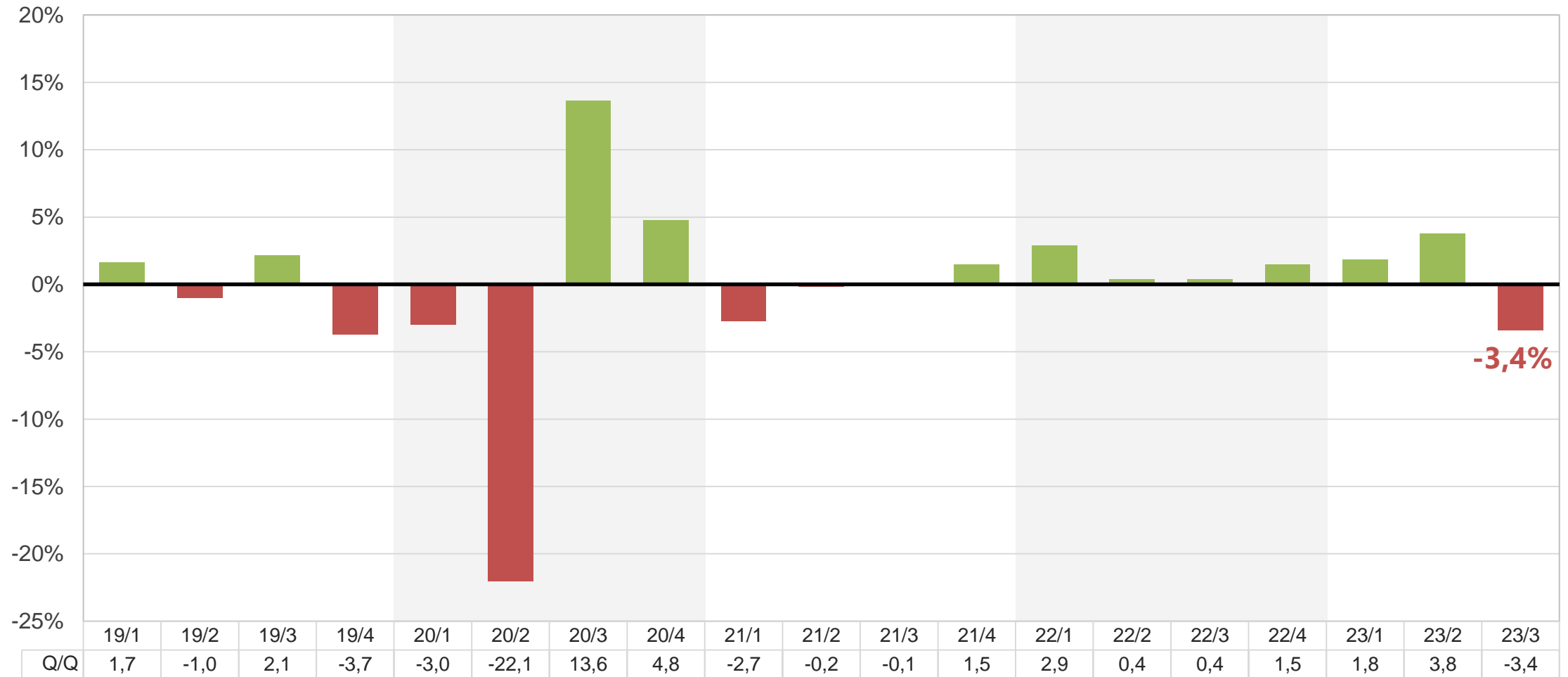
Gross fixed capital formation (GFCF)



Growth in Q3: 2023
(quarter-on-quarter)
Constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted

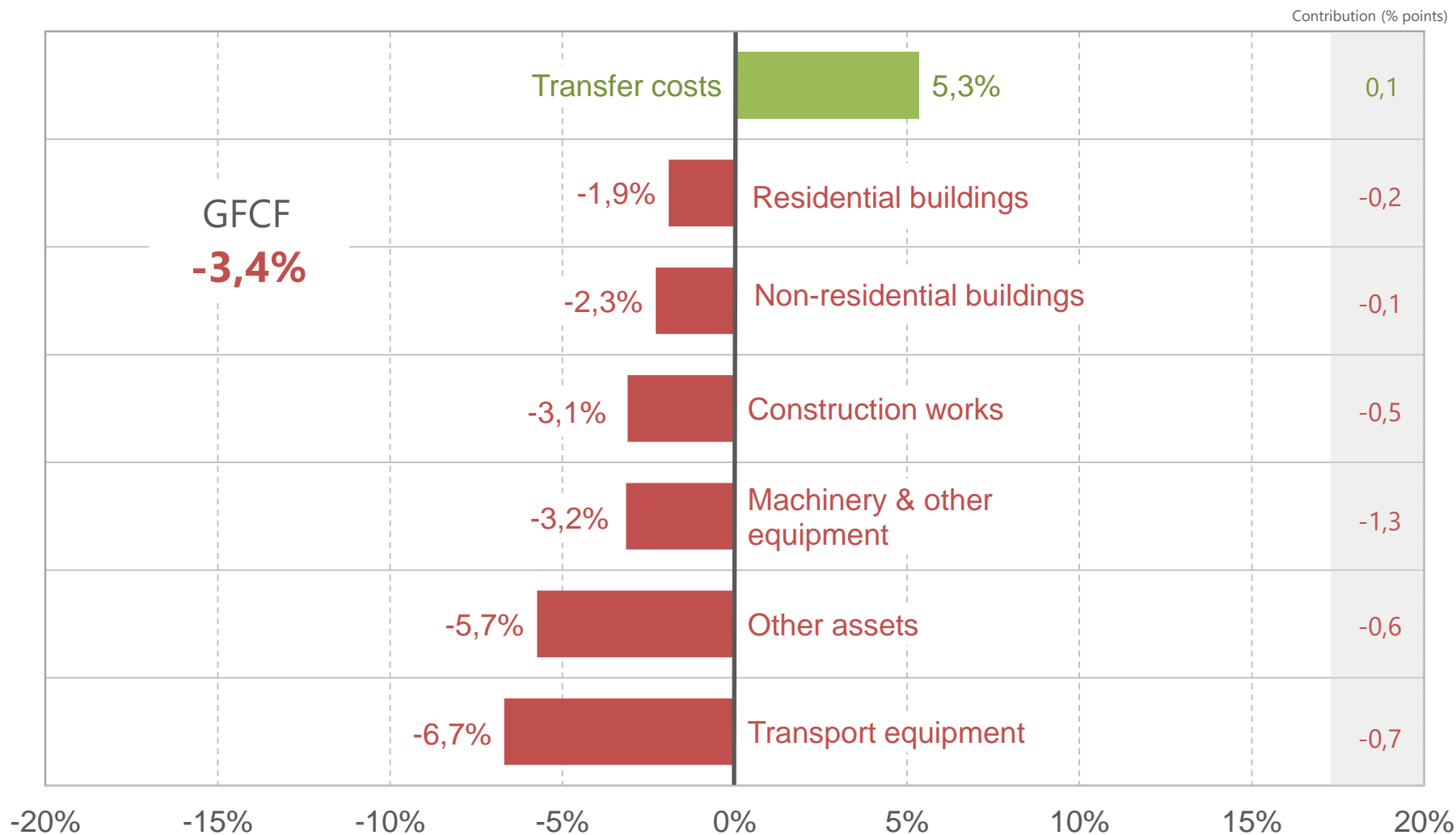
Gross fixed capital formation declined by 3,4% in Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter percentage change (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



Gross fixed capital formation: Growth was mainly driven lower by machinery & other equipment

Q3: 2023 compared with Q2: 2023 (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



Change in inventories

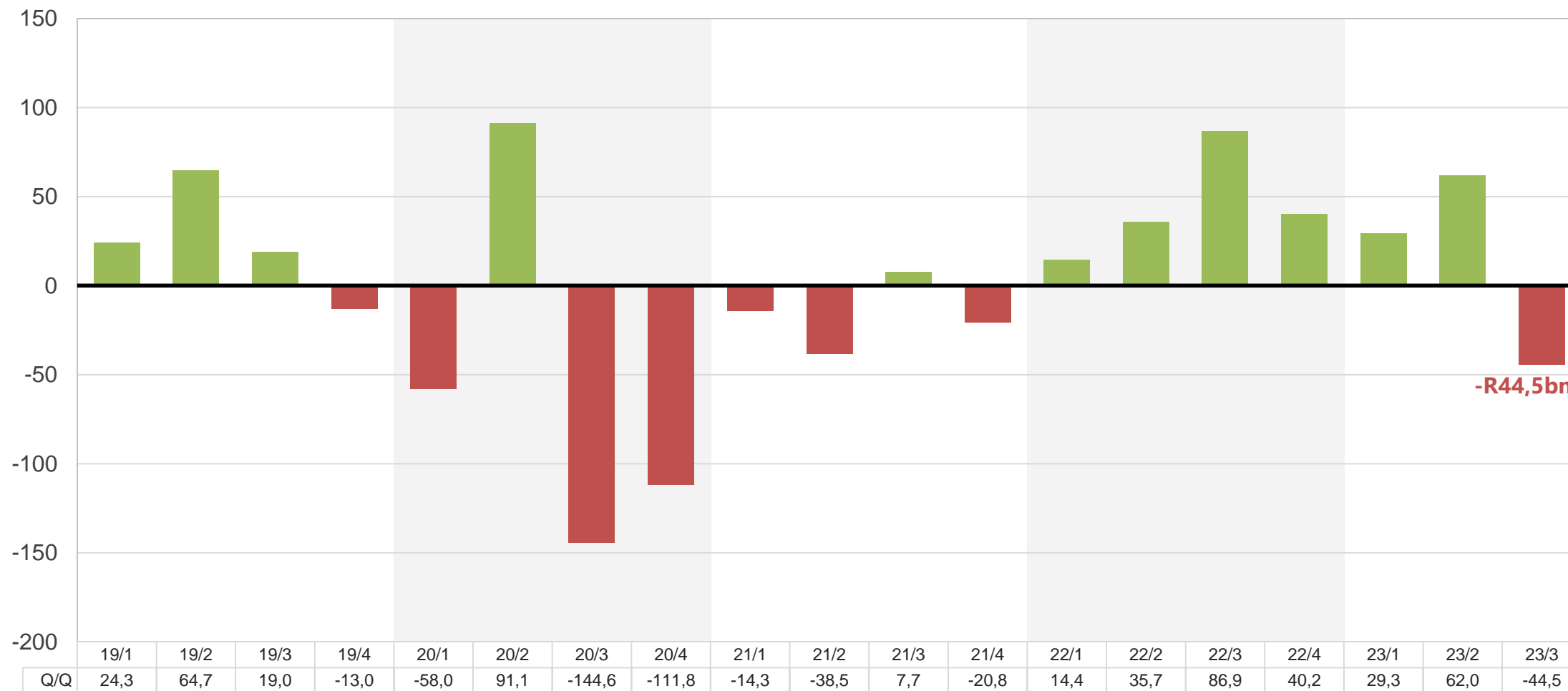


-R44,5 billion

in Q3: 2023
(quarter-on-quarter)
Constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted
and annualised

There was a drawdown in inventories in Q3: 2023

Constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted and annualised, R billion



In Q3: 2023, inventory drawdowns were reported for manufacturing, mining & quarrying and transport, storage & communication.

Exports and imports

Exports



in Q3: 2023
(quarter-on-quarter)
Constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted



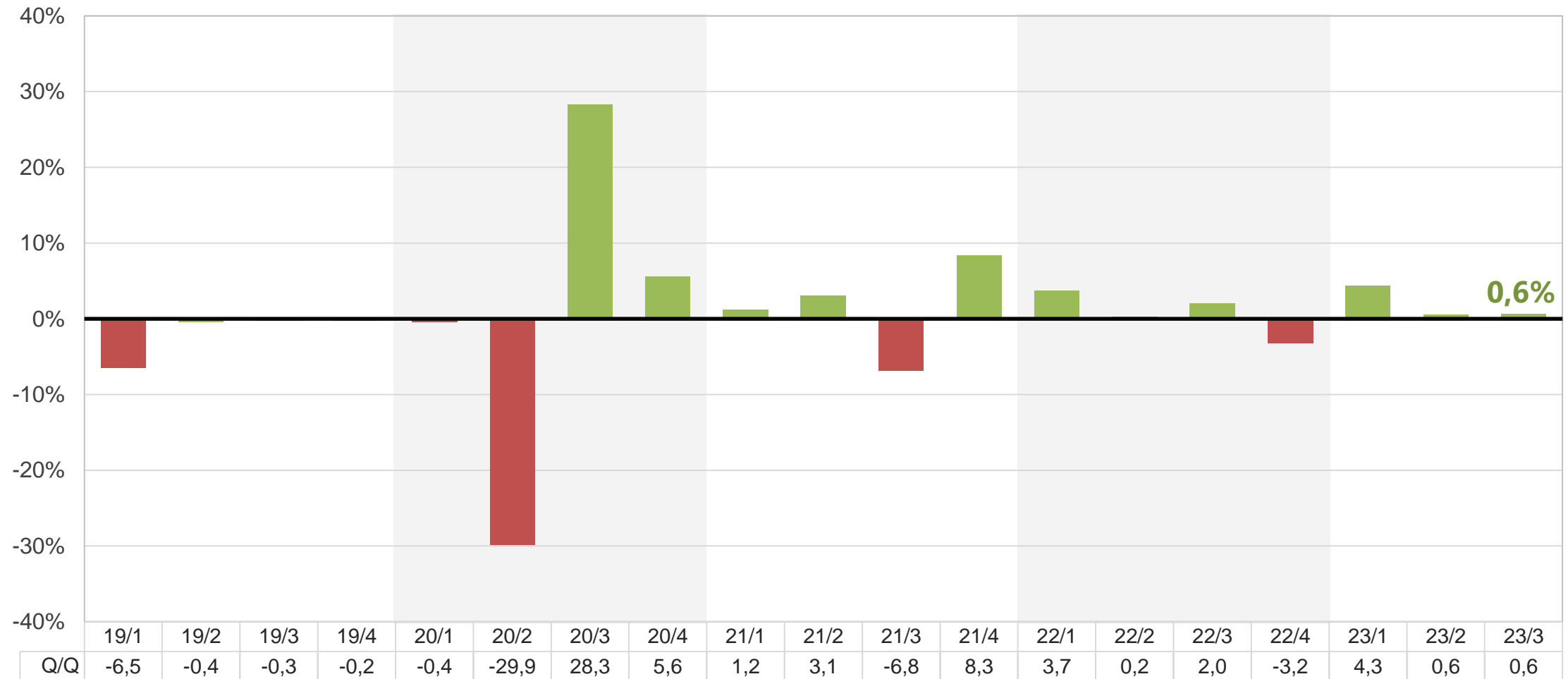
Imports



in Q3: 2023
(quarter-on-quarter)
Constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted

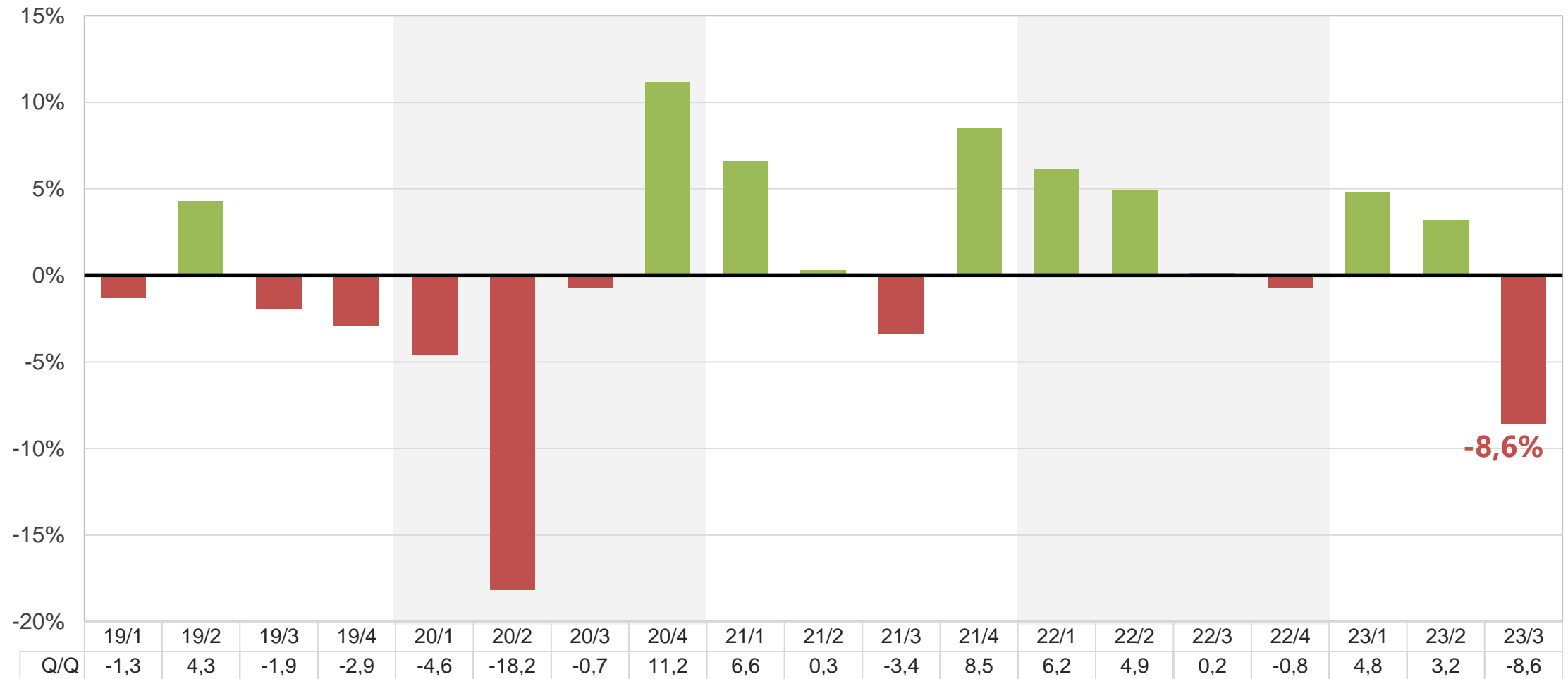
Exports increased by 0,6% in Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter percentage change (constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted)



The rise in Q3: 2023 was largely influenced by increased trade in vehicles and transport equipment; pearls, precious and semi-precious stones, precious metals; and vegetable products.

Imports decreased by 8,6% in Q3: 2023

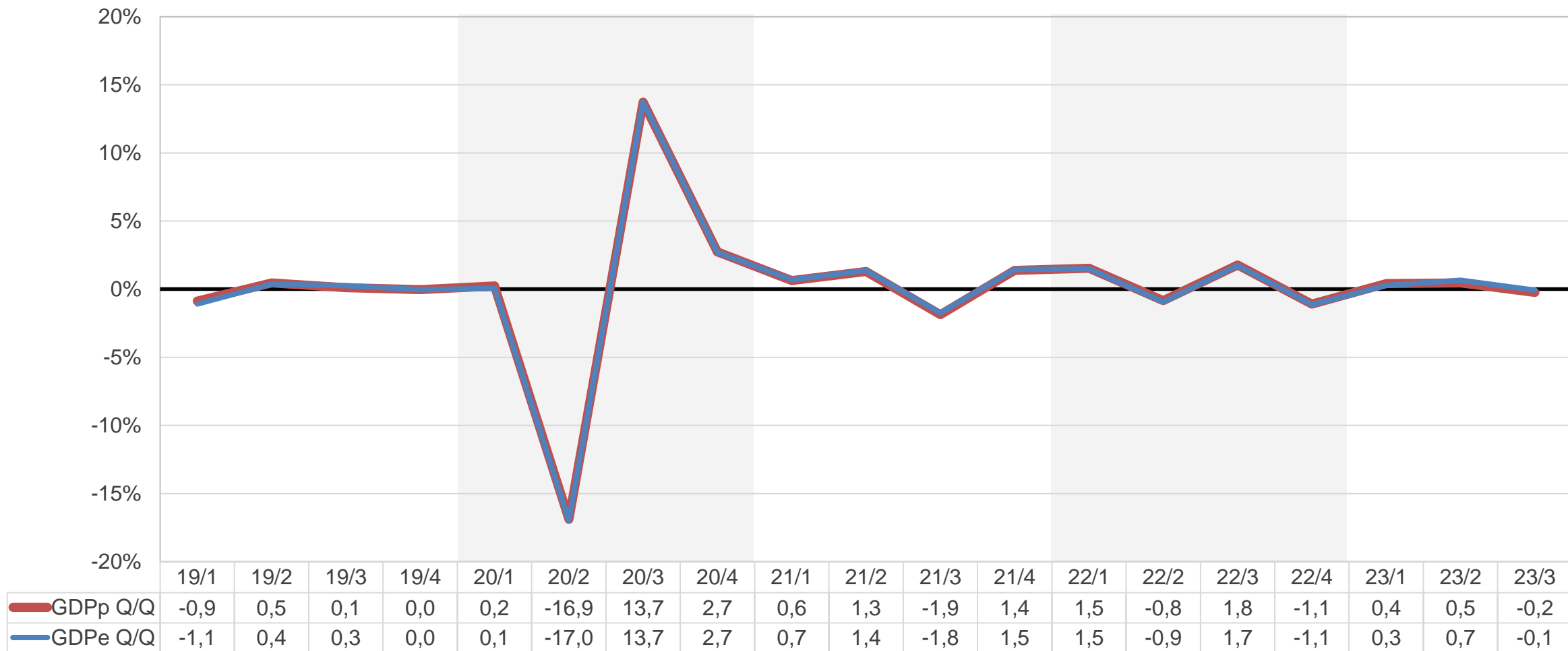


The decline was driven largely by machinery & electrical equipment; chemical products; resins & plastics; base metals & articles of base metals; vegetable products; and vehicles & transport equipment.

RECAP



Growth rates: GDP production and expenditure on GDP



GDP production: Growth rates for Q3: 2023

Quarter-on-quarter



Real GDP
Seasonally adjusted

Year-on-year



Real GDP
Unadjusted

9 month-9 month



Real GDP
Unadjusted
Year-on-year

GDP
Q3: 2023

Ndzi hela kwala!



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